

TRAINING PROGRAM

For Beginning Runners / Goal Date: November 10, 2012 † (those who have been running consistently for less than 6 months)

Thousands of beginning runners have finished half marathons, with strength, using this program. Only 3 weekly training days are needed: 30 minutes on Tuesday and Thursday, and a longer session on the weekend. On half of the weekends, most will be running and walking for an hour or less. For more information, see my book HALF MARATHON at www.JeffGalloway.com.

Jeff Galloway • US Olympian • Official Training Consultant • runDisney



TRAINING PROGRAM OVERVIEW

The long run is the key to half marathon training. As you increase the length of these, listed below, you push back your endurance barriers and prepare to "go the distance" on raceday. You cannot go too slowly on the long runs: your goal is simply to finish each one with strength. To avoid a slowdown at the end of the race, please finsh each one on the schedule–even if you walk most of it.

No huffing and puffing! On long runs, you want to be able to carry on a conversation throughout the run-even at the end. A very slow

pace, with liberal walk breaks, will allow almost everyone to feel strong on almost every long one. If you're breathing hard at the end of a long one, you need to adjust to a slower pace with more walk breaks from the beginning of the next one. Running form: Never sprint during a running segment-keep feet low to the ground, using a light touch of the feet, and a relatively short stride. Most runners find that an upright posture is best but use what feels natural for you. Let

is best but use what feels natural for you. Let your foot move in it's natural way. Most runners naturally land on the heel and gently roll off the midfoot.

Walking form: walk with a gentle stride, that is relatively short. Power walking and walking with a long stride increase injury risk.

Slow down in the heat! Surveys have shown that runners tend to slow down a minute per mile when the temperature is 70F, & an additional minute per mile at 80F. (compared

with 60F or below). Please make these pace adjustments on the hot long run days, using

more frequent walk breaks to avoid heat stress. Don't wear a hat on hot days, try to run before the sun rises above the horizon and pour water over the top of your head.

Time limit for the race is 3:30.
The per mile pace to reach this goal is 16 min/mi. The "magic mile" listed below, will predict

current potential on an ideal race day. Long run pace should be at least 2 min/mi slower than current half marathon race pace, predicted by the MM (see # 16). Please practice running at 15:00 to 15:30 per mile pace during the middle of a Tuesday or a Thursday run each week as noted in # 9 below, if you think that a 3:30 goal will be challenging.



Run-walk-run ratio should correspond to the pace used. If you are just starting to run, try a strategy of (run 5 seconds/walk 55



TRAINING PROGRAM OVE

seconds). If this is too easy, use (10sec run/50 sec walk) for all runs during the first 3 weeks. On long runs, you can continue to use either 5/55 or 10/50. Those who have done regular running in the past can shift to the "To Finish" program after 3-4 weeks.

> Two "maintenance runs" are needed each week to sustain the conditioning needed-usually on Tuesday and Thursday. Please take a

day off from running before each running day. On Tuesday, practice various run-walk-run strategies and enjoy these runs. On designated non-long-run weekends, run the MM as described in #16.

8

9

Race Day practice. On a Tuesday and/or a Thursday run each week, after the standard warmup, (#11), time yourself for 2 miles and try to

pace at 15:00-15:30 per mile. As you use a variety of run-walk-run strategies, you should find the right ratio for you. A common strategy at this

pace is (run 15 sec/walk 45 sec, but some use 20 sec run/40 sec walk, or 30/30).

It is fine to do cross training on Mon, Wed, and Fri. if you wish. There will be little benefit to your running in doing this, but you'll enhance the fat burning. On the cross training days, don't do exercises that can fatigue the calf muscle. like stair machines.

Standard warmup: walk for 3-5 minutes, then, run for a few seconds and walk for a minute for 5 minutes. Then, gradually increase the amount of running, reducing the amount of walking for 5 minutes-until you reach the ratio that feels comfortable for you.

On Tuesday, after the standard warmup, try increasing the running portions: run 10 seconds/ walk 50 seconds for 5 or more intervals, then try 15 sec run /walk 45 seconds for 5 repetitions. At this point, take a 2-3 minute walk break and try 20/40 for 5 minutes, walk 2 minutes and try 30/30 for 5 minutes. It is OK to huff and puff a little as you increase the portion of running. But if the latter strategies are too tough, drop back to a comfortable ratio and complete the 30 minutes by using whatever ratio you wish.

On Thursday, after the standard 13 warmup, time yourself for 2 miles. Use a run-walk-run strategy that feels comfortable. Try to run at 15:00 to 15:30 per mile.

Standard cool down: walk for 10 minutes with a gentle and short stride.

3



TRAINING PROGRAM OVERVIEW

Sign up for the Walt Disney
World® Marathon in January! My
free training program, available at
www.RunDisney.com requres only 3

runs a week, with long runs only every 2-3 weeks.

Magic Mile: I suggest doing this after the standard warmup on the non long run weekends listed below. By the end of the training program

you want to run a 12:15 time or faster to predict a finish time below 3:30 on raceday—at 60F. Be sure to adjust pace for temperature increase as noted in #5, on long runs and on raceday.

The "Magic Mile" time trial (MM) is a reality check on your goal pace on raceday, and has been the best predictor of finishing under the race time limit of 3:30.

- Use the standard warmup (# 11)
- Run around a track if at all possible (or a very accurately measured one mile segment)

- Time yourself for 4 laps (1600 meters). Start the watch at the beginning, and keep it running until you cross the finish at 1.0 miles.
- On the first MM, don't run all-out: run at a pace that is slightly faster than your current gentle pace.
- Only one MM is done on each day it is assigned.
- On each successive MM (usually 2 weeks later), your mission is to beat the previous best time.
- Don't ever run so hard that you hurt your feet, knees, etc. Maintain a short stride, picking up the cadence or turnover to run faster.

After you have run 3 of these (not at one time--on different weekends) you'll see progress and will run them hard enough so that you are huffing and puffing during the second half. Try walking for about 10-30 seconds after each lap during the MM. Most beginning runners record a faster time when taking short breaks.

Predicted (Ideal Conditions) Pace: Take your best current MM time and multiply by 1.3. This is the fastest pace you could currently expect to run under ideal conditions per mile in the half marathon.

Long run pace: should be at least 2 minutes slower than the current predicted half marathon pace.

Adjust for temperature on long runs: At 70F, slow the pace by an additional minute per mile. At 80F, slow down another minute per mile.

Note: This training advice is given as one runner to another. For medical questions, ask your doctor.

DISNEY WINE & DINE HALF MARATHON TRAINING SCHEDULE

3-Day Training Week: For Beginning Runners / Goal Date: November 10, 2012

		WEEK 1				WEEK 2	
	TUESDAY July 10	THURSDAY July 12	SATURDAY July 14		TUESDAY July 17	THURSDAY July 19	SATURDAY July 21
	30 minutes	30 minutes	2 miles (run 10sec/walk 50sec, but walk the first mile if needed		30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles (run 10sec/walk 50sec, but walk the first mile if needed)
\vdash		WEEK 3				WEEK 4	
	TUESDAY July 24	THURSDAY July 26	SATURDAY July 28		TUESDAY July 31	THURSDAY August 2	SATURDAY August 4
	30 minutes	30 minutes	4 miles (run 10sec/walk 50sec, but walk the first mile if needed		30 minutes	30 minutes	5 miles (run 10sec/walk 50sec, but walk the first mile if needed)
\vdash		WEEK 5				WEEK 6	
	TUESDAY August 7	THURSDAY August 9	SATURDAY August 11		TUESDAY August 14	THURSDAY August 16	SATURDAY August 18
	30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles 10/50, 15/45, 20/40 or 30/3	30	30 minutes	30 minutes	6.5 miles (10/50 or 15/45)

or run a minute/walk a minute)

	WEEK 7		₩EEK 8		
TUESDAY August 21	THURSDAY August 23	SATURDAY August 25	TUESDAY August 28	THURSDAY August 30	SATURDAY September 1
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles with one Magic Mile	30 minutes	30 minutes	8 miles (10/50 or 15/45)
	WEEK 9		-	- WEEK 10	
TUESDAY September 4	THURSDAY September 6	SATURDAY September 8	TUESDAY September 11	THURSDAY September 13	SATURDAY September 15
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles with one Magic Mile	30 minutes	30 minutes	9.5 miles (10/50 or 15/45)
	WEEK 11		 	- WEEK 12	
TUESDAY September 18	THURSDAY September 20	SATURDAY September 22	TUESDAY September 25	THURSDAY September 27	SATURDAY September 29
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles with one Magic Mile	30 minutes	30 minutes	11 miles (10/50 or 15/45)

	WEEK 13		<u> </u>	WEEK 14	
<u> </u>	WEEKTO		<u> </u>	WLLNIT	
TUESDAY October 2	THURSDAY October 4	SATURDAY October 6	TUESDAY October 9	THURSDAY October 11	SATURDAY October 13
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles (practice strategy that has worked on Thursdays)	30 minutes	30 minutes	12.5 miles
	WEEK 15		-	WEEK 16	
TUESDAY October 16	THURSDAY October 18	SATURDAY October 20	TUESDAY October 23	THURSDAY October 25	SATURDAY October 27
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles with one Magic Mile	30 minutes	30 minutes	14 miles
	WEEK 17			WEEK 18	
TUESDAY October 30	THURSDAY November 1	SATURDAY November 3	TUESDAY November 6	THURSDAY November 8	SATURDAY November 10
30 minutes	30 minutes	3 miles	30 minutes	30 minutes	Disney Wine & Dine

(practice strategy that

has worked on Thursdays)

Half Marathon

WEEK 19 ———

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY
November 13	November 15	November 17
45 minutes	45 minutes	3 miles