

DOPEY CHALLENGE TRAINING PROGRAM

For Experienced Runners

(those who have been running for at least 6 months)

GOAL: To Finish - 5K on 1/9, 10K on 1/10, Half on 1/11 and Full Marathon 1/12/14

This proven training program has led thousands of runners across the finish line, while reducing the chance of injury to almost zero. For more information, see my book GALLOWAY TRAINING PROGRAMS at www.JeffGalloway.com.

Jeff Galloway • US Olympian • Official Training Consultant, runDisney

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The long weekend sessions are the key to success in "The Dopey". As you increase the distance of a short walk on Friday and a long walk on Saturday, followed by a long run on Sunday, the bodyprepares to "go the distance" in all events on race weekend. You can't go too slowly during either the walk or the run: your goal is simply to finish each one with strength. On the Sunday runs, the pace should be at least 2 minutes per mile slower than you could currently run a fast marathon. See the "magic mile" section below for more information.

No huffing and puffing! On long runs, you want to be able to carry on a conversation throughout the run-even at the end. A very slow

pace, with liberal walk breaks, will allow almost everyone to feel strong on almost every long one. If you're breathing hard at the end of a long one, you need to adjust to a slower pace with more walk breaks from the beginning of the next one. Running form: Never sprint during a running segment-keep feet low to the ground, using a light touch of the feet, and a relatively short stride. Most runners find that an upright posture is best but use what feels natural for you. Let your foot move in it's natural way. Most runners naturally land on the heel and gently roll off the midfoot.

Walking form: walk with a gentle stride, that is relatively short. Power walking and walking with a long stride increase injury risk.

Slow down in the heat! Surveys have shown that runners tend to slow down a minute per mile when the temperature increases to 70F, and an additional minute per mile at 80F. Please make these pace adjustments on the hot long run days, using more frequent walk breaks to avoid

heat stress. Don't wear a hat on hot days, try to run before the sun rises above the horizon and pour water over the top of your head.



Time limit for the half marathon (1/12/13) is 3:30, and for the marathon (1/13/13) is 7:00. The per mile pace to reach this goals

is 16 min/mi. This same per mile pace is required for the 5K and 10K events.

The "magic mile" listed in #15, will tell you what would be expected as a per mile pace on raceday. Don't worry if your comfortable long run pace is slower than 16 min/mi. The results of the "magic mile" will tell you what is realistic on raceday. Please practice 15:00 to 15:30 per mile pace during the middle of a Tuesday run each week as noted in #12. On Thursday, if you are concerned about maintaining a 16 min/mi pace on raceday, it is best to do a timed walk for 2-3 miles (16:00), inserting 10-20 seconds of running into each minute (read #13).



By inserting strategic walk breaks from the beginning of long runs you can significantly reduce fatigue. The run-walk-run ratio

should correspond to the pace used. (remember to slow down at least 2 min/mi slower than current predicted fast marathon pace). Suggested strategies:

9 min/mi: run 4 minute/walk 1 minute (4/1)

10 min/mi: 3/1 11 min/mi: 2:30/1 12 min/mi: 2/1 13 min/mi: 1/1

14 min/mi: 30 seconds/30 seconds

15 min/mi: run 30 seconds/walk 45 seconds, or run

20 seconds/walk 40 seconds

16 min/mi: run 20 seconds/walk 40 seconds 17 min/mi: run 15 seconds/walk 45 seconds

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Two "maintenance runs" of 30-45 minutes each, will sustain the conditioning needed. Most commonly, these are done on

Tuesday and Thursday. Each runner can choose the pace or the run-walk-run ratio for each of these runs. On weeks where a Friday walk is included, you should reduce your maintenance run length to 20-30 minutes on Tuesday.

Race Day practice. During the middle of a Tuesday run each week, after the standard warmup, time yourself for 2 miles and run a pace

that you feel is realistic on race day. If you are concerned about the 16 minutes/mile needed to finish before the closing of the course, practice running at 15-15:30 per mile. During these segments, use a variety of run-walk-run strategies to find the right ratio for you. On Thursday, time yourself, for a 2 mile segment, mostly walking as noted in # 13.

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It is fine to do cross training on Mon, Wed, and Fri. if you wish.
There will be little benefit to your running in doing this, but you'll

improve overall fitness. On the cross training days, don't do exercises like stair machines that concentrate effort in the calf muscle.

Standard warmup: walk for 3-5 minutes, then, run for a few seconds and walk for a minute for 5 minutes. Then, gradually increase

the amount of running, reducing the amount of walking for 5 minutes—until you reach the ratio that feels comfortable for you, on that day.

On Tuesday, after the standard warmup, try increasing the running portions. For example, if you are currently running a minute/

walking a minute, try a few rotations of run 2 minutes/walk 1 minute. It is OK to huff and puff a little as you increase the portion of running. But if the latter strategies are too tough, drop back to a comfortable ratio and complete the 30 minutes by using whatever ratio you wish: 30sec run-30 sec walk, 20/40 or 15/45.



On Thursday, after the standard warmup, time yourself for 2 - 3 miles, at the pace you want to run on raceday, using the

appropriate run-walk-run strategy. If you are concerned about maintaining a 16 min/mi pace, walk at a comfortable but good pace (short stride, quick turnover) inserting 10-20 seconds of running every minute to maintain a pace that is slightly below 16 minutes per mile.

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Standard cool down: walk for 10 minutes with a gentle and short stride.

Magic Mile: I suggest doing this after the standard warmup on the weekends noted on the schedule. By the end of the training program you

want to run a time of 11:15 or faster to predict a finish time below 7:00 on raceday..

The "Magic Mile" time trial (MM) is a reality check on your goal pace on raceday, and has been the best predictor of finishing under the race time limit of 7:00.

- Use the standard warmup (# 11)
- Run around a track if at all possible (or a very accurately measured one mile segment)
- Time yourself for 4 laps (1600 meters). Start the watch at the beginning, and keep it running until you cross the finish at 1.0 miles.
- On the first MM, don't run all-out: run at a pace that is slightly faster than your current gentle pace.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Only one MM is done on each day it is assigned.
- On each successive MM (usually 2-3 weeks later), your mission is to beat the previous best time.
- Don't ever run so hard that you hurt your feet, knees, etc. Maintain a short stride, picking up the cadence or turnover to run faster.

• After you have run 3 of these (not at one timeon different weekends) you'll see progress and will run them hard enough so that you are huffing and puffing during the second half. Try walking for about 10-30 seconds after each lap during the MM. Most beginning runners record a faster time when taking short breaks.

Predicted All-Out Effort Pace: Take your best current MM time and multiply by 1.4. This is the fastest pace you could currently expect to run under ideal conditions per mile in the marathon.

*Long run pace: should be at least 2 minutes slower than the current predicted marathon pace.

*Adjust for temperature: At 70F, slow the pace by an additional minute per mile. At 80F, slow down another minute per mile.

Note: This training advice is given as one runner to another. For medical questions, ask your doctor.

DOPEY CHALLENGE TRAINING SCHEDULE

3-Day Training Week: For runners who have been running for at least 6 months

	WEEK 1		l —	WEEK 2
TUESDAY July 2	THURSDAY July 4	SATURDAY July 6	TUESDAY July 9	THURSDAY July 11
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	3 miles	30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes
	- WEEK 3			WEEK 4
TUESDAY July 16	THURSDAY July 18	SATURDAY July 20	TUESDAY July 23	THURSDAY July 25
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	3 miles	30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes
	WEEK 5			WEEK 6
TUESDAY July 30	THURSDAY August 1	SATURDAY August 3	TUESDAY August 6	THURSDAY August 8
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	3 miles	30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes

	WEEK 7		1		- WEE	K 8 —	
TUESDAY August 13	THURSDAY August 15	SATURDAY August 17		TUESDAY August 20	THUR: Augus		SATURDAY August 24
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	3 miles	'	30-45 minutes	30-45 m	ninutes	9 miles
	WEEK 9		1		- WEE	K 10 —	
TUESDAY August 27	THURSDAY August 29	SATURDAY August 31		TUESDAY September 3	THUR: Septen		SATURDAY September 7
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	3 miles	•	30-45 minutes	30-45 m	ninutes	11 miles
	WEEK 11		1		- WEE	K 12 —	
TUESDAY September 10	THURSDAY September 12	SATURDAY September 14		TUESDAY September 17	THURSDAY September 19	SATURDAY September 21	SUNDAY September 22
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	3 miles	-	30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	4 mile walk	13 miles run/walk

———— WEEK 13 ————— WEEK 14 ————

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY
September 24	September 26	September 28
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	3 miles

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY
October 8	October 10	October 12
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	3 miles

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY
October 22	October 24	October 26
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	5 miles

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
October 1	October 3	October 5	October 6
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	5.5 mile walk	15 miles

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
October 15	October 17	October 18	October 19	October 20
20-30 minutes	30-45 minutes run/walk	2 mile walk	7 mile walk	

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY
October 29	October 31	November 2
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	6 miles with Magic Mile

———— WEEK 19 ———— WEEK 20 ————

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
November 5	November 7	November 8	November 9	November 10
20-30 minutes	30-45 minutes run/walk	3 mile walk	8.5 mile walk	

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY
November 19	November 21	November 23
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	7 miles with Magic Mile

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY
December 3	December 5	December 7
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	6 miles

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY
November 12	November 14	November 16
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	6 miles

——— WEEK 21 — ⊢ WEEK 22 — ⊢

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
November 26	November 28	November 29	November 30	December 1
20-30 minutes	30-45 minutes run/walk	4 mile walk	10 mile walk	23 miles run/walk

———— WEEK 23 ————— WEEK 24 —————

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY
December 10	December 12	December 14
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	7 miles with Magic Mile

WEEK 25 ----

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
December 17	December 19	December 20	December 21	December 22
20-30 minutes	30-45 minutes run/walk	5 mile walk	12 mile walk	

---- WEEK 27 ------

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY	
December 31	January 2	January 4	
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	7 miles	

— WEEK 29 — —

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY
January 14	January 16	January 18
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	3 miles

WEEK 26 ———

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	SATURDAY	
December 24	December 26	December 28	
30-45 minutes	30-45 minutes	6 miles	

WEEK 28 ----

TUESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
January 7	January 9	January 10	January 11	January 12
20-30 minutes	Walt Disney World® 5K	Walt Disney World® 10K	<i>Walt Disney</i> <i>World</i> [®] Half Marathon	Walt Disney World® Marathon